

Safety functions according to EN ISO 13849-1

Туре	EC type test certificate	PL	Kat.	MTTF _d [years]	DC _{avg} [%]		
Industrial door (signal transmission and switching devices)							
InTra6 2	E 6934 and ⁴⁾	d	2	254	94	1)	
InTra63	E 6935 and ⁴⁾	е	3	247	95	1)	
RFGate 2	E 6945 and ⁴⁾	С	2	28.8	76	1)	
RFGate 3	E 7161 and ⁴⁾	d	3	46	77	1)	
EsGate 2	E 6937 and ⁴⁾	d	2	123	94	2)	
EsGate 3	E 6936 and ⁴⁾	е	3	73	95	2)	
XRF	E 7239 and ⁴⁾	С	2	98	82	1)	
XRF	E 7239 and ⁴⁾	d	3	98	82	1)	
Machine safety (switching devices)							
EsMatix 3	E 7142 and ^{4),11)}	е	3	100	90	2)	
						(2)	
ESD3	E 7259 and ^{4),11)}	е	3	24 (8)	99	I=500mA (I=2A)	
						2)	
ESR31C /32	E 7260 and ^{4),11)}	е	3	26 (8)	99	I=500mA (I=2A)	

Туре	EC type test certificate	PL	Kat.	MTTF _d [years]	DC _{avg} [%]	
Pedestrian door (revolving, sliding, swing door)						
PrimeTec A, PrimeScan A	4420512403013-001 ⁷⁾	d	2	253	86	8)
PrimeTec A, PrimeScan A	4420512403013-001 ⁷⁾	d	3	281	91	9)
PrimeTec B, PrimeScan B	4420512403013-002 ⁷⁾	d	2	253	86	8)
PrimeTec B, PrimeScan B	4420512403013-003 ⁷⁾	d	2	253	86	10)
US beam, UniScan	4420512413806-001 ⁷⁾	d	2	153	99	8)

Туре					MTTF _d [years]	B _{10d} [x 10 ⁶]	
Safety edges; Safety mats; Forklift mats (Sensors)							
ELE	-	-	-	1	3)	5	
XL	-	-	-	1	3)	5	
ESM	-	-	-	ı	3)	6	
EMP	-	-	-	1	3)	6	
Loop detectors							
ProLoop2					73	7	6)
ProLoop lite					73	7	6)



Туре	MTTF _d with safety edge ¹⁾ [years]	MTTF _d with safety mat ⁵⁾ [years]			
Industrial door (signal transmission and switching devices)					
InTra62	200	-			
InTra63	167	-			
RFGate 2	28	-			
EsGate 2	266	-			
EsGate 3	217	-			
Machine safety (switching dev	ices)				
EsMatix 3	386	72			
ESD3	>100	14			
ESR31C / 32	>100	15			

- 1) Door application assumed parameters: $d_{op} = 365 d/a$, $h_{op} = 24 h/d$, $t_{cycle} = 3'600 s$ ($n_{op} = 8'760/a$)
- 2) Machine application assumed parameters: dop = 365d/a, hop = 24h/d, tcycle = 60s (nop = 525'600/a)
- 3) MTTFd = level and value depending application (see calculation model page 3)
- 4) In combination with safety edges, certified according to EN ISO 13856-2
- 5) Assumed parameters: dop = 250d/a, hop = 16h/d, tcycle = 60s (nop = 280'000/a)
- 6) Assumed parameters: dop = 365d/a, hop = 24h/d, tcycle = 30s
- 7) EC type-examination certificate tested according to DIN EN ISO 13849-1 and EN 61508
- 8) Safety function presensce detection tested according DIN 18650 and EN 16005
- 9) Safety function motion in escape routes DIN 18650 and EN 16005
- 10) Safety function presensce detection tested according to EN 16005
- 11) In combination with safety mats, certified according to EN ISO 13856-1



Calculation signal transmission and switching units Products in accordance with DIN EN ISO 13849-1

How to determine the MTTF_d of a sensor

$$MTTF_d = \frac{B_{10d}}{0.1 \times n_{op}}$$

Example 1: **Safety edge** on a sliding gate with 2 actuations a day during 365 days a year.

 n_{op} = 2 actuations/day × 365 days = 730 actuations a year

 $MTTF_d = B_{10d} / (0.1 \times n_{op}) = 5'000'000 / (0.1 \times 730) = 68'493 \text{ years } \rightarrow \text{,,high}$

Safety mat installed in processing centre with 30-s tact, 2 shifts during 250 days a year. Example 2:

> n_{op} = 60 actuations/h × 16 h/day × 250 days = 240'000 actuations a year $MTTF_d = B_{10d} / (0.1 \times n_{op}) = 6'000'000 / (0.1 \times 240'000) = 250 \text{ years } \rightarrow \text{ "high"}$

How to determine the overall-MTTFd (simplified description!)

$$\frac{1}{\text{MTTF}}_{d} = \frac{1}{\text{MTTF}}_{d \text{ Sensor}} + \frac{1}{\text{MTTF}}_{d \text{ Signal transmission}}$$

Safety edge connected to signal transmission InTra6 2. Example 3:

> MTTF_{d Sensor} = 68'493 years MTTF_{d Signal transmission} = 254 years → MTTF_d = 253 years → "high"

This calculation is highly simplified. The various MTTF_d-values could be based on different actuations Note:

per year (nop). Furthermore, the connection between sensor and switching device is not considered.

Glossary

Number of switching cycles, of which 10 % of specimens failed during a lifetime test (for B_{10d}

electromechanical components)

 $\mathsf{DC}_{\mathsf{avg}}$ Average diagnostics coverage, probability-based measure of the effectiveness of the diagnosis. It

expresses the ratio between detected dangerous failures and the total number of hazardous errors

(errors weighted with MTTF_d-value)

 $MTTF_d$ Meantime to a dangerous failure

Actuations per year nop

 h_{op} Average operating time in hours per day

 d_{op} Average operating time in days per year

Average time between the start of two successive cycles of the component in seconds per cycle t_{cycle}

PLPerformance level; value of the safety level. Stands for the quality of risk-reducing measures,

respectively specifies the ability of safety-related parts of a control system, to perform a safety function

under foreseeable conditions.